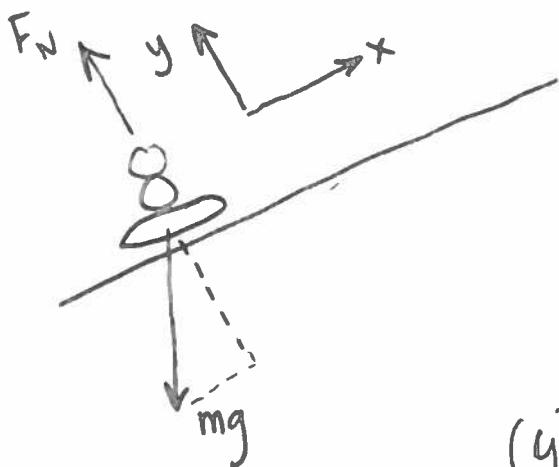


Frosty the Snowman slides at speed $v_0 = 9 \text{ m/s}$ on snow, at base of hill with slope at angle θ . He slides up the hill a distance $L = 20 \text{ m}$ along the slope.

If no friction, what is angle θ ?



force	x	y
grav	$-mg \sin \theta$	$-mg \cos \theta$
normal	0	$+F_N$
total	max	may = 0

(y) $F_N = mg \cos \theta$

(x) $a_x = -g \sin \theta$

To find angle θ , use kinematic equation

$$V_f^2 - V_i^2 = 2 a_x (x_f - x_i)$$

$$0^2 - V_0^2 = 2 (-g \sin \theta) L$$



So

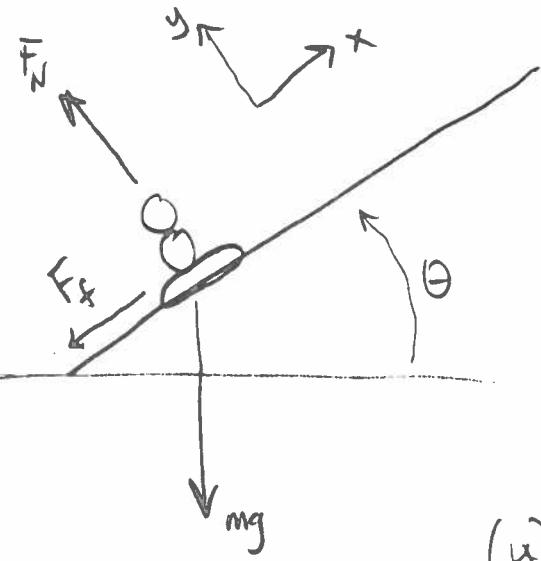
$$\sin \theta = \frac{v_0^2}{2gL} = \frac{\left(\frac{9 \text{ m}}{\text{s}}\right)^2}{2(9.8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2})(20 \text{ m})}$$

$$= 0.2066$$

$$\rightarrow \theta = \sin^{-1}(0.2066) = 11.93^\circ$$

= 12° if we use significant figures

If friction coefficient is $\mu_k = 0.05$, then what is angle θ ?



	x	y
grav	$-mg \sin \theta$	$-mg \cos \theta$
normal	0	$+F_N$
friction	$-\mu_k F_N$	0
total	max	$m a_y = 0$

(y) $F_N = mg \cos \theta$

(x) $a_x = -g (\sin \theta + \mu_k \cos \theta)$

To find angle θ , again use 1-D kinematic formula

$$V_f^2 - V_i^2 = 2 a_x (x_f - x_i)$$

$$0^2 - V_0^2 = 2(-g)(\sin \theta + \mu_k \cos \theta)L$$



Solve for angle θ

$$\sin\theta + 0.05 \cos\theta = \frac{\left(9 \frac{m}{s}\right)^2}{2 \left(9.8 \frac{m}{s^2}\right) (20 m)}$$

$$\sin\theta = 0.2066 - 0.05 \cos\theta$$

Use trial-and-error or graphing calculator or other method
to find

$$\theta \approx 9.05^\circ$$

$$= 9^\circ \quad \text{if we use significant figures}$$